A PUBLIC WORKSHOP PRESENTATION

Proposed Changes to the Land Use Regulation Commission's Subdivision and Development Rules

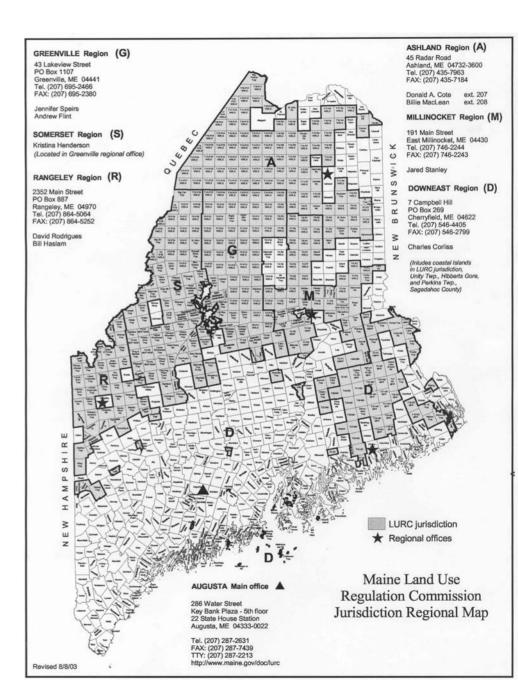
Monday, August 25, 2003 – Orono, Maine Wednesday, August 27, 2003 – Rangeley, Maine

Presented by:

Agnieszka Pinette, Senior Planner Planning & Administration Division

About LURC

- Created in 1971 to serve as planning & zoning authority for Maine's townships, plantations & unorganized areas (10.5 million acres).
- Purpose: Extend principles of planning & zoning; preserve public health, safety, & welfare; encourage well-planned, multiple use of natural resources; promote orderly development; protect natural & ecological values.



Introduction

- LURC's Comprehensive Land Use Plan
 - Guide development to appropriate locations in the jurisdiction
 - Discourage sprawling growth, encourage orderly growth near compatibly developed areas
 - Adopt standards for major subdivision and development projects
 - Provide incentives for creative site designs that preserve open space and retain natural features
- Legislative Directive— "An Act to Refine the Subdivision and Redistricting Authority of the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission" (LD 1198, 1st session, 121st)
 - Reduce processing time and cost
 - Increase predictability of LURC decisions on pending applications

The Rulemaking Process

- Public Workshops Not formal rulemaking proceedings
 - Inform interested persons about the proposed changes
 - Present preliminary draft of revisions
 - Answer any questions
 - Gather additional suggestions and comments on ways to improve proposal
- **Public Hearings** Formal rulemaking proceedings
 - Gather public testimony (written and/or oral) about the proposed changes within a final draft of revisions
 - Note: Public workshops draft may change prior to public hearing
 - Testimony will be considered by Commission in decision to adopt proposal
 - Public hearing likely be held in November or December 2003

Proposed Changes

- Reorganize Chapter 10 Make our rules more "user friendly".
- **Two-Tier Subdivision Review** Provide an alternative, more predictable tool for subdividing land.
- **Development Review Standards** Make our review process for subdivisions and developments of all sizes more predictable.
- **Need Guidance Document** Provide guidance on how to demonstrate that a project meets a community need.
- **Modify Permit Applications** Eliminate unnecessary exhibits, make applications simpler for subdivisions, rezoning petitions, commercial and residential developments.

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Current Subdivision Process

- **Rezoning component** Zoning Petition
 - Reactive approach (case-by-case)
 - Usually required for new subdivision proposals
 - Rezoning criteria:

"The proposed land use district is consistent with the standards for district boundaries in effect at the time, the <u>comprehensive land use plan</u> (*adjacency principle*) and the purpose, intent and provisions of this chapter; and the proposed land use satisfies a <u>demonstrated need</u> in the community or area and has <u>no undue adverse impact</u> on existing uses or resources..." [(12 MRSA 685-A(8-A)]

- **Subdivision component** Subdivision Application
 - Requires detailed technical information (e.g. soils mapping, wetlands delineation, surveying, etc.)

Proposed Subdivision Process:

A Two-Tier Subdivision Review

- Level 1 Subdivisions status quo
 - Rezoning usually required
 - Commission-level decision
 - Standard subdivision permit requirements
- Level 2 Subdivisions an alternative approach
 - No rezoning
 - Staff-level decision
 - Simplified subdivision permit requirements

Level 2 Subdivision Criteria

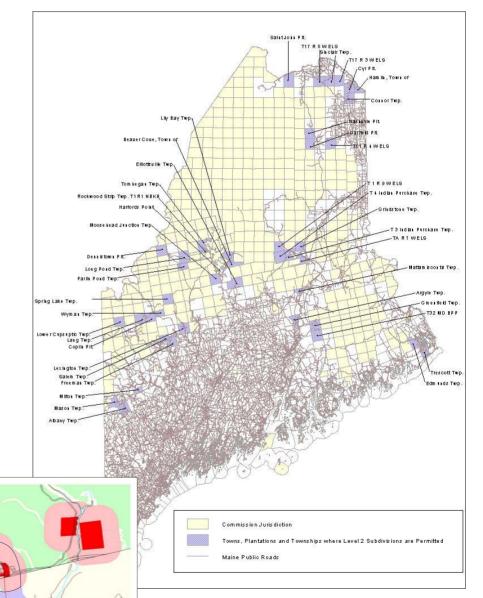
- Number of Lots:
 - 5 or fewer lots within any 5-year period, or
 - 15 or fewer clustered lots
- Land Area:
 - Occupies 20 acres or less, or
 - 30 acres or less with clustering
 - Land area includes lots, roads and other infrastructure
- **Roads**: No more than 1,500 feet of road construction/improvement
- **Location**: (Incorporates adjacency principle)
 - Within 1, 000 feet of a public roadway
 - Within 1 mile of existing compatible development
 - Within M-GN or Development Subdistrict (i.e. no rezoning)
 - Within one of 42 townships, plantations or towns:

42: Total number of towns, plantations and townships where Level 2 subdivisions would be permitted.

Criteria: Proximity to SPO service center and public road connection, and/or area with special planning needs.

73,357 acres: Approximate area in the 42 towns that is within 1000 feet of a public road and within 1 mile of a development subdistrict (D-RS, D-GN, D-CI), approximately 0.7% of the

Commission's jurisdiction.



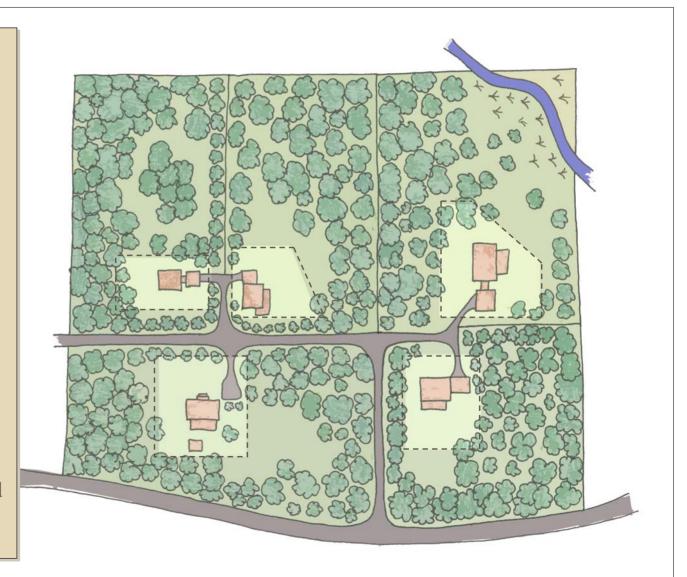
CONVENTIONAL level 2 subdivision

SITE SIZE 20 acres

NUMBER OF UNITS 5 single family homes

LOT SIZES $3\frac{1}{2} - 4$ acres each

DESIGN & LAYOUT
Shared driveways
Building envelopes
Interconnected roads
Natural features considered



CLUSTERED level 2 subdivision

SITE SIZE 30 acres

NUMBER OF UNITS 10 single family homes

LOT SIZES

 $\frac{3}{4}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres each

DESIGN & LAYOUT
20 acres in open space
Reduced lot dimensions
(optional)
Shared driveways
Building envelopes
Interconnected roads
Natural features considered



Benefits of Two-Tier Review

- Tool to encourage development in appropriate locations
 - No rezoning required for level 2 subdivisions
 - Simpler application requirements for level 2 subdivisions
- Results:
 - Simpler approach for smaller-scale, appropriately located subdivisions
 - Increased predictability to LURC and applicant
 - Time and cost savings for applicant
- All other subdivisions (level 1) would be reviewed under the traditional rezoning/subdivision review framework

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Development Review Standards

Goals:

- Increase predictability of LURC decisions: Formalize existing requirements into rule
- Reduce processing time: Speed up application review
- Develop performance and design standards for subdivisions and other development projects

Based on:

- Recommendations to the Legislature
- Existing agency policies and permit application requirements
- Common recommendations from outside review agencies
- And a few new ideas...

Development Review Standards

- A: Review standards for lake development
- B: Review standards for prospectively zoned areas
- C: Technical & financial capacity
- D: Vehicular circulation, access and parking
- E: Landscape, scenic character, natural & historic features
- F: Noise & lighting
- G: Soil suitability
- H: Solid waste disposal

- I: Subsurface waste water disposal
- J: Water supply
- K: Surface water quality
- L: Phosphorus control
- M: Erosion & sedimentation control
- N: Groundwater quality
- O: Air quality
- P: Wetland alterations
- Q: Subdivision and lot creation
- R: Cluster development
- S: Open space

Development Standards A-D

- A: Review Standards for Lake Development
 - Relocated but unchanged (Reference: Section 10.13-B)
- B: Review Standards for Prospectively Zoned Areas
 - Relocated (Reference: Section 10.17,B,11)
 - Some standards would apply jurisdiction-wide (e.g. lighting, parking)
- C: Technical & Financial Capacity
 - Formalize into rule existing permit requirement
- D: Vehicular Circulation, Access and Parking
 - Clarify adequate provision for "loading, parking and circulation of land, air and water traffic" 12 MRSA, §685-A(4)
 - New road construction standards

Development Standards E-H

- E: Landscape, Scenic, Natural & Historic Features
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
 - Preserve landscape, protect scenic character
- F: Noise & Lighting
 - New noise limits for commercial and non-residential activities
 - Expand lighting standards to entire jurisdiction
- G: Soil Suitability
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
- H: Solid Waste Disposal
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
 - Reference DEP's solid waste management rules

Development Standards I-L

- I: Subsurface Waste Water Disposal
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
 - Include existing standards (Reference: Section 10.17,B,4)
- J: Water Supply
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
 - Reference DHS drinking water program rules
- K: Surface Water Quality
 - Adopt language from DEP site law and municipal ordinances regarding discharge of water pollutants to surface waterbodies
- L: Phosphorus Control
 - Formalize into rule existing permit requirement

Development Standards M-P

- M: Erosion & Sedimentation Control
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
 - Include requirement for E/S Control Plan and inspections for certain projects
- N: Groundwater Quality
 - Incorporate review agency recommendations
 - Reference DHS drinking water program rules
- O: Air Quality
 - Adopt language from DEP site law and municipal ordinances regarding air quality
- P: Wetland Alterations
 - Relocated but unchanged (Reference: Section 10.17,B,7)

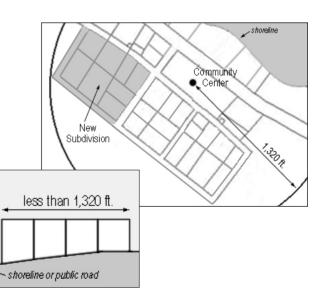
Q: Subdivision and Lot Creation

- Include existing subdivision rules (Ref: Section 10.17,B,9)
- Identify Level 2 Subdivision criteria
- New standards for subdivision layout and design

less than 1,320 ft.

at least 500 ft

- Avoid linear development patterns
- Encourage shared driveways
- Identify building envelopes



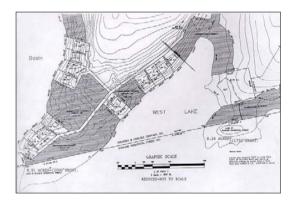
R-S: Clustering & Open Space

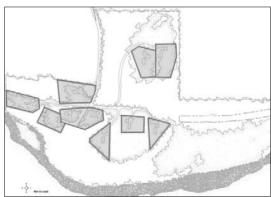
R: Cluster Development

- Expand existing clustering standards (Ref: Section 10.17,B,1,g)
- Encourage creative, efficient use of land
- Preserve significant amount and type of open space.

S: Open Space

- New standards for preserving open space
- Identify acceptable mechanisms to preserve open space
- Limit uses allowed on open space lots





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Rezoning Guidance Document

- Clarify rezoning criterion: Proposed rezoning "satisfies a demonstrated need in the community or area" 12 MRSA §685-A(8-A)
 - Provide guidance to staff in evaluating zoning petitions
 - Provide guidance to petitioners on some considerations used in evaluating need
- **Evaluation Factors:** Just a few examples...
 - Community support
 - Compatibility with community character
 - Impact on community services
 - Availability of vacant zoned lots
 - Need for proposed goods and services

Conclusion

- What's next?
 - Incorporate additional comments into final draft
 - Request scheduling of a public hearing (Nov Dec 2003)
 - Gather public testimony (Dec 2003 Jan 2004)
 - Present proposed rule changes to Commission for adoption vote (Jan – Feb 2004)
- For updates on this project, add your name to our interested parties list

For additional information, please contact:

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Updates on this project may be viewed on LURC's web site:

http://www.state.me.us/doc/lurc/events/events.htm

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